

# Bishop Cornish CEVA Primary School Attendance Policy Esteem and Educate Every Child

**Date Adopted: 10 December 2021** 

Reviewed: Will be reviewed annually

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**Head Teacher** 

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#### Rationale

All school staff and governors are committed to working with parents and pupils, as this is the best way to guarantee as high a level of attendance as possible. Through good attendance, we ensure every child's welfare and life opportunities are promoted to the best of their ability.

#### Introduction

At Bishop Cornish CEVA Primary School, we aim for an environment which enables and encourages all members of the community to strive for excellence. For our children to gain the greatest benefit from their education, it is vital that they attend school regularly and your child should be at school on time every day, unless the reason for the absence is unavoidable.

# The government expects schools and local authorities to:

- Promote good attendance and reduce absence, including persistent absence
- Ensure every pupil has access to full-time education to which they are entitled
- act early to address patterns of absence
- Parents to perform their legal duty by ensuring their children of compulsory school age who are registered at school attend regularly
- All pupils to be punctual to their lessons (DFE School Attendance July 2019)

It is very important, therefore, that parents ensure their child attends regularly and punctually and this policy sets out how, together, we will achieve this.

#### Attendance Ladder

How close are you to reaching the top?

	100%	Perfection
4 school days off each year	98%	Impressive
7 school days off each year	96%	Good
9 school days off each year	95%	Nearly there
11 school days off each year	94%	Needs to improve
1 month off each year	90%	Concerns
2 months off each year	80%	Serious
		concerns

# Why is regular attendance important?

## Learning

Any absence affects the pattern of a child's schooling and regular absence will seriously affect their learning. Any pupil's absence disrupts teaching routines and may affect the learning of others.

Ensuring your child's regular attendance at school is your legal responsibility and permitting absence from school without a good reason creates an offence in law and may result in prosecution.

## Safeguarding

Your child may be at risk of harm if they do not attend school regularly. Safeguarding the interests of each child is everyone's responsibility and within the context of this school, we will adhere to 'Working together to Safeguard Children' (March 2015):

- Protecting children from maltreatment
- Preventing impairment of children's health or development
- Ensuring that children are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Taking action to enable all children have the best life chances

Failing to attend school on a regular basis will be considered as a safeguarding matter.

## **Promoting Regular Attendance**

Helping to create a pattern of regular attendance is everybody's responsibility – parents, pupils and all members of school staff.

To help us all to focus on this we will:

- Track every child's attendance and notify you if your child's attendance is below 96%
- Notify you if your child/children have had 10 or more late arrivals per term and we may inform the Education Welfare Officer (EWO)

# The Law relating to attendance

Section 7 of the Education Act 1996 states that 'the parent of every child of compulsory school age shall cause him/her to receive efficient full-time education suitable:

- (a) to age, ability and aptitude
- (b) to any special educational needs, he/she may have either by regular attendance at school or otherwise'

## The Law relating to safeguarding

Section 175 of the Education Act 2002 places a duty on local authorities and governing bodies to have regard to guidance issued by the Secretary of State with regard to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and pupils under the age of 18.

# **Understanding types of absence**

Every half-day absence from school has to be classified by the school (not by the parents), as either AUTHORISED or UNAUTHORISED. Therefore, information about the cause of any absence is always required.

Authorised absences are mornings or afternoons away from school for a good reason, like when your child is genuinely too ill to attend, medical/dental appointments, which, unavoidably, fall in school time, emergencies or other unavoidable causes.

Unauthorised absences are those which the school does not consider reasonable and for which no 'leave' has been given. This type of absence can lead to the Local Authority using sanctions and/or legal proceedings. Unauthorised absences include:

- Parents/carers keeping children off school unnecessarily
- Truancy before or during the school day
- Absences which have never been properly explained
- Children who arrive at school too late to get a mark
- Shopping, looking after other children, or birthdays
- Day trips and holidays in term time which have not been agreed

Whilst any child may be off school because they are ill, sometimes they can be reluctant to attend school. Any problems with regular attendance should be sorted out between the school, the parents and the child. If your child is reluctant to attend, it is never better to cover up their absence or to give in to pressure to excuse them from attending. This gives the impression that attendance does not matter and usually make things worse.

Any child at Bishop Cornish CEVA Primary School identified as having attendance below 96% may have a letter sent to their parents. In light of COVID 19, a judgment will be made on individual cases.

However, should parent(s) provide evidence from a medical practitioner advising that the period of absence was necessary, the absence for the evidenced period will be authorised.

The following national codes will be used to record attendance information.

CODE	DESCRIPTION	MEANING
/	Present (AM)	Present
\	Present (PM)	Present
Е	Educated off site (NOT dual registered)	School Approved off site
		Education Activity
С	Other Authorised Circumstances (not covered by	Authorised Absence
	another appropriate code/description)	
D	Dual Registration (i.e. pupil attending another	Approved Education Activity
	establishment)	
E	Excluded (no alternative provision made)	Authorised absence
Н	Extended Family Holiday (agreed)	Authorised absence
G	Family Holiday (NOT agreed or days in excess of	Unauthorised absence
	agreement)	
Н	Family Holiday (agreed)	Authorised absence
1	Illness (NOT medical or dental etc. appointments)	Authorised absence
J	Interview	Authorised absence
L	Late (before registers close)	Present
М	Medical/Dental Appointments	Authorised absence
N	No reason yet provided for absence	Unauthorised absence
0	Unauthorised Absence (not covered by any other	Unauthorised absence
	code/description)	
Р	Approved Sporting Activity	Approved Education Activity
R	Religious Observance	Authorised absence
S	Study Leave	Authorised absence
Т	Traveller Absence	Authorised absence
U	Late (after registers closed)	Unauthorised absence
V	Educational visit or trip	Approved Education Activity
W	Work Experience	Approved Education Activity
>	Untimetabled sessions for non-compulsory school age	Not counted in possible
	pupils	attendances
Υ	Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances	Not counted in possible
		attendances
Z	Pupil not yet on roll	Not counted in possible
		attendances
#	School closed to pupils	Not counted in possible
		attendances

## Persistent Absentee (PA)

A pupil becomes a 'persistent absentee' when they miss 10% or more of schooling across the school year for whatever reason. Absence at this level is doing considerable damage to any child's educational prospects and we need parents' fullest support and co-operation to tackle this.

We monitor all absence thoroughly. Any case that is seen to have reached the PA mark or is at risk of moving towards that mark is given priority and you will be informed of this immediately.

PA pupils are tracked and monitored carefully through our system and we also combine this with academic mentoring where absence affects attainment.

#### **Absence Procedures**

If your child is absent you must:

• Contact us as soon as possible on the first day of absence either by calling into the school, by telephone or by email.

If your child is absent we will:

- Telephone or text you on the first day of absence if we have not heard from you
- Invite you in to discuss the situation with the Headteacher if absences persist
- Refer the matter to our EWO if attendance moves below 92% over a rolling year or if a decision is made by the Senior Leaders
- At our discretion, make home visits to check on the child's welfare if we have not been informed of the reason for their absence
- We are legally obliged to refer a child as missing education if we believe that to be the case

## **Telephone numbers**

There are times when we need to contact parents about lots of things, including absence. We need to have your contact numbers at all times. To help us to help you and your child we ask that we are provided with an up to date number and an emergency contact.

You have a duty to notify school as soon as possible of any changes to contact details.

## **Informing Schools**

Parents are expected to contact school at an early stage and to work with the staff in resolving any problems together. If difficulties cannot be resolved in this way, the school may refer the child to the EWO.

#### **Education Welfare Service**

If your child's attendance falls below 92% over a rolling year, the EWO will ask us directly for information relating to your child's absences. As we are held to account for such cases, we work closely with the EWO, acting on their advice. In some instances, it may be necessary for the officer to meet with you and/or your child to discuss the reason for absence, so please advise us if you would prefer contact before such action. Please be aware that if your child's absences persist, an EWO can use sanctions, such as a Penalty Notice fine or prosecutions in the Magistrates Court to address irregular school attendance.

#### Lateness

Poor punctuality is not acceptable. If your child misses the start of the day they can miss vital information and could regularly miss the same lesson. Late arriving pupils also disrupt lessons, and this can be embarrassing for the child.

# How we manage lateness?

Children can arrive in school from 08.40. Registration is open from 08.50 and closes at 09.00. Children who arrive between 09.00 and 09.30 will be marked in the register as late. The register will be closed at 09.30. This means that children arriving after this time will receive a mark that shows them to be on site, but this will not count as a present mark and it will mean they have an unauthorised absence.

If your child has a persistent late record you will be asked to meet with a member of school staff and/or EWO to resolve the problem, but you can approach us at any time if you are having problems getting your child to school on time.

# **Leave of Absence in Term Time**

Taking holidays in term time will affect your child's schooling as much as any other absence and we expect parents to help us by not taking children away in term time. Remember that any savings you think you may make by taking a holiday in school time are offset by the cost to your child's education.

There is no automatic entitlement in law to time off in school time to go on holiday and the government made an amendment to the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 in September 2013 to reflect this.

Leave of absence shall not be granted unless:

- (a) an application has been made in advance to the proprietor by a parent with whom the pupil normally resides: and
- (b) the proprietor, or a person authorised by the proprietor in accordance with paragraph (z), considers that leave of absence should be granted due to the exceptional circumstances relating to that application.

All applications must be made in writing to the Headteacher at least 20 school days prior to the requested leave date. Where the decision is made not to authorise leave in term time, school will inform parent/carers in writing. Please do not book a holiday before being given permission for absence from the school.

A general guide for parents is, leave for any holiday, activity or event that could be arranged during the annual 13-week holiday time would not be authorised.

On any occasion that school refuses a request for leave in term time, should a parent/carer proceed with the leave it will be recorded as a (G) (family holiday not agreed or in excess of agreement), on the school's register. Where a leave of absence has been unauthorised, penalty noticed will be considered if a pupil's attendance is below 90%.

Failure to notify and/or request leave of absence in term time, providing at least 5 days' notice will result in all absence being recorded as (O) (unauthorised absence not covered by any other description).

#### **Penalty Notices**

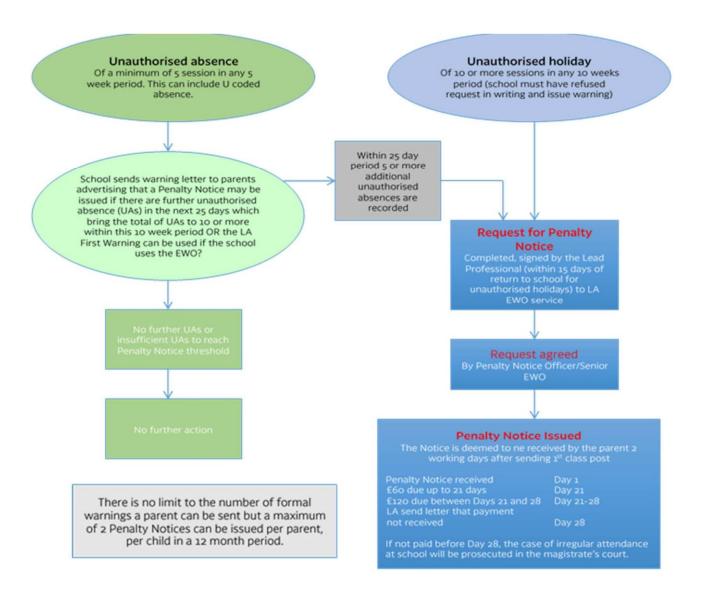
Whilst we would hope that the supportive strategies outlined about would be successful in improving attendance and punctuality, Bishop Cornish CEVA Primary School would consider using Penalty Notices if they felt it appropriate in collaboration with the EWO.

Penalty Notices can be requested for unauthorised absence or unauthorised holiday during term time. The absence/holiday must be 10 half-day sessions or more (i.e. the equivalent of 5 school days). The Penalty Notice Officer will consider requests when attendance is or would fall to below 94.5%. When requesting that a Penalty Notice be issued, the school must hold that attendance is not 'regular' (i.e. in accordance with this policy)

A holiday refusal letter informs parents/carers that the leave will be unauthorised and, as such, if you decide to still take your child out of school without permission, you will be committing an offence under the Education Act 1996. We may refer the matter to Cornwall Council who, as the issuing officer, may decide to take legal action against you. A Penalty Notice can be issued under Section 444A and 444B of the Education Act 1996. This carries a fine of £60 if paid within 21 days or £120 if paid after this but within 28 days. Fines are issued per parent/carer; per child. Failure to pay the Penalty Notice may result in Court action. Persistent absences not authorised by the school may result in a prosecution in the

Magistrates Court, leading to fines up to £2,500 and/or custodial sentences. The Council may also apply for the costs incurred in taking the matter to Court. See following flowchart:

When considering issuing a penalty notice, the Cornwall Council document, 'Penalty Notices – A Guide for Education Welfare Officers and Schools.' (October 2017) is used, which includes the following flowchart:



## School targets, projects and special initiatives

The school has targets to improve attendance and your child has an important part to play in meeting these targets

The minimum level of attendance for this school 96% and we will keep you updated regularly about progress to this level and how your child's attendance compares. Our target is to achieve better than this because we know that good attendance is the key to children fulfilling their potential.

# **COVID 19**

Please follow this link for Government COVID attendance guidance <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-attendance/addendum-recording-attendance-inrelation-to-coronavirus-covid-19-during-the-2020-to-2021-academic-year">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-attendance/addendum-recording-attendance-inrelation-to-coronavirus-covid-19-during-the-2020-to-2021-academic-year</a>